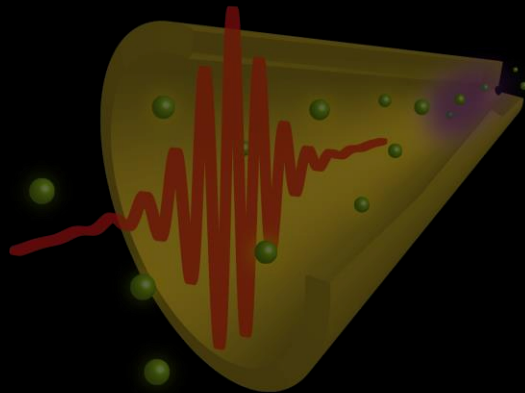


# Enhancement of Extreme-Ultraviolet Fluorescence

Murat Sivis

University of Göttingen

4<sup>th</sup> Physical Institute – Solids and Nanostructures

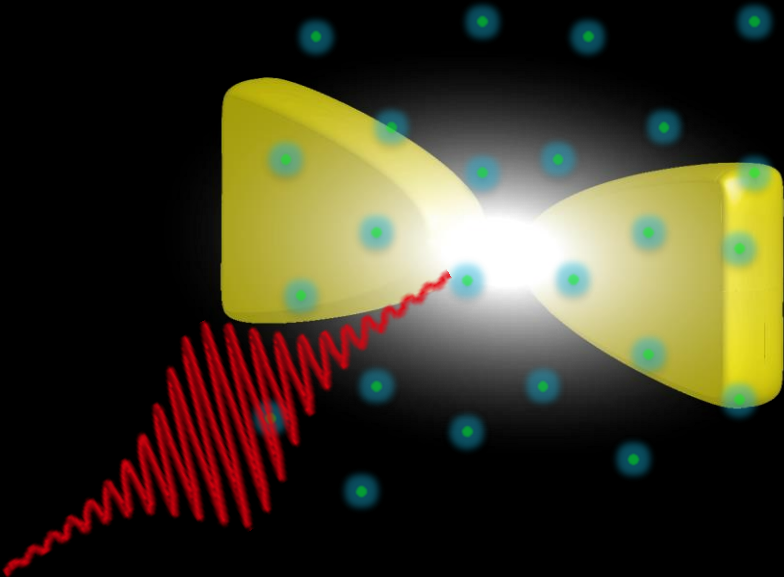


2016 International Workshop  
on EUV and Soft X-Ray Sources

-

November 2016 in Amsterdam

## Resonant nanoantennas

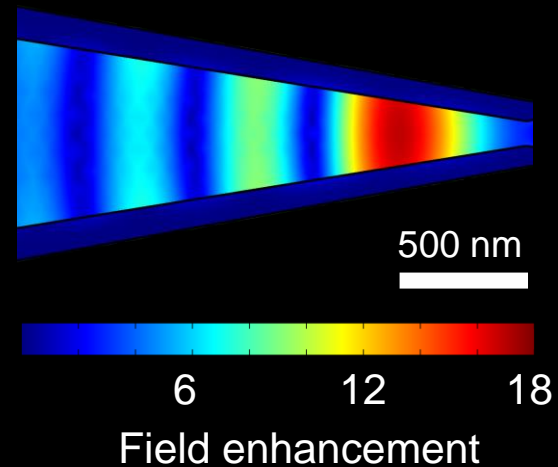
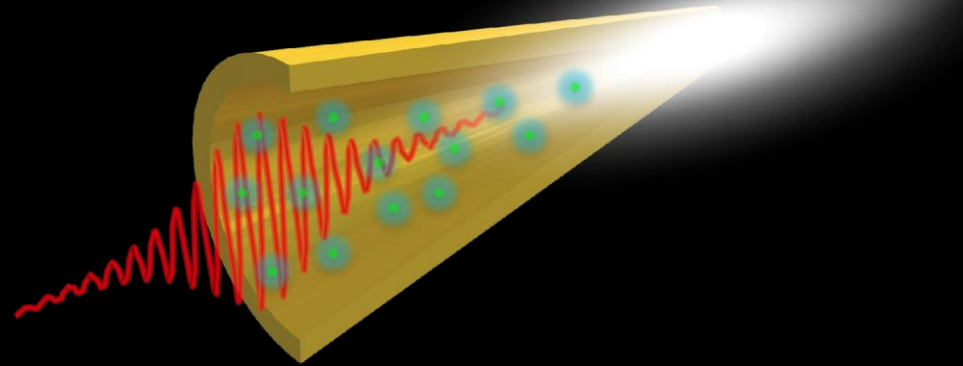


nJ pulses  
@ 80 MHz

Frequency domain  
Simulations

➤ 10 TW/cm<sup>2</sup>  
Local intensities possible

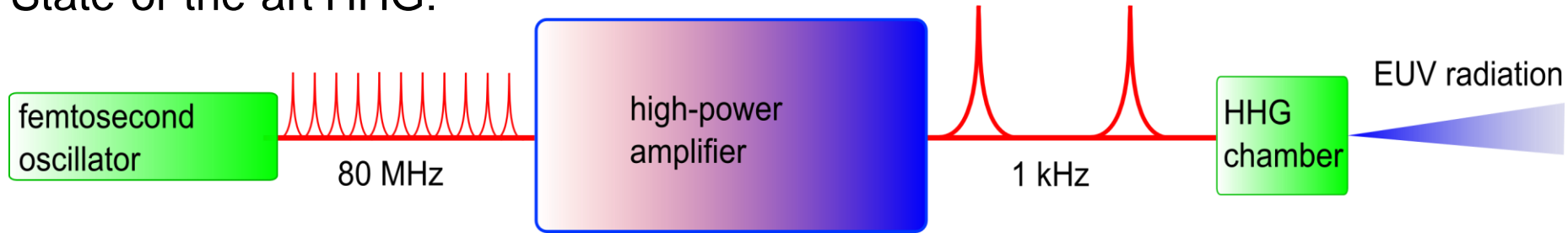
## Hollow waveguides



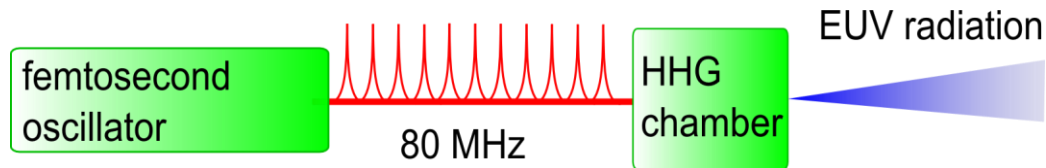
# HHG with plasmonic nanostructures



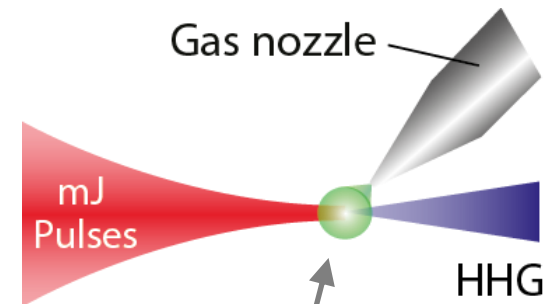
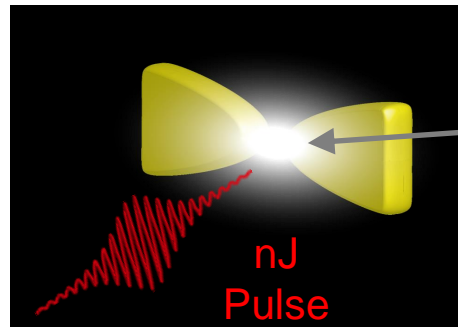
## State-of-the-art HHG:



## nanostructure-enhanced HHG:



- Compact, cheap
- Higher generation rate
- Control over HHG

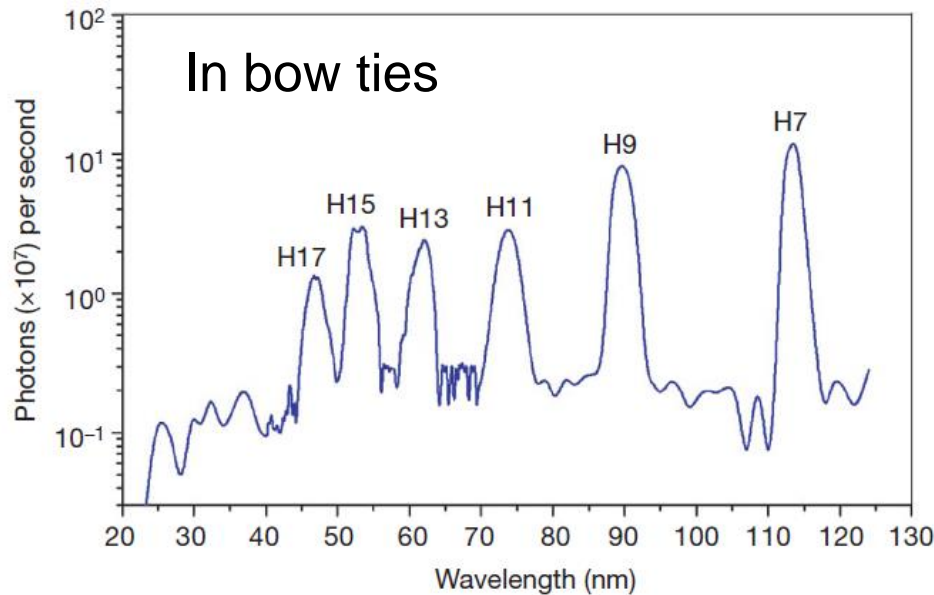


$$I_{\text{local}} > 10 \text{ TW/cm}^2$$

# Plasmonic High Harmonic Generation?



## In bow ties



Kim *et al.*, Nature **453**, 757 (2008)

nature  
photonics

REVIEW ARTICLE

PUBLISHED ONLINE: 24 DECEMBER 2013 | DOI: 10.1038/NPHOTON.2013.232

## Nanofocusing of electromagnetic radiation

Dmitri K. Gramotnev<sup>1\*</sup> and Sergey I. Bozhevolnyi<sup>2</sup>

of ultrashort extreme-ultraviolet pulses with a high spatiotemporal coherence constitutes one of the most exciting nanofocusing applications, offering a way to bring high-spatial-resolution imaging techniques into the domain of attosecond science.

NATURE | Vol 453 | 5 June 2008

NEWS & VIEWS

### ATTOSECOND PHYSICS

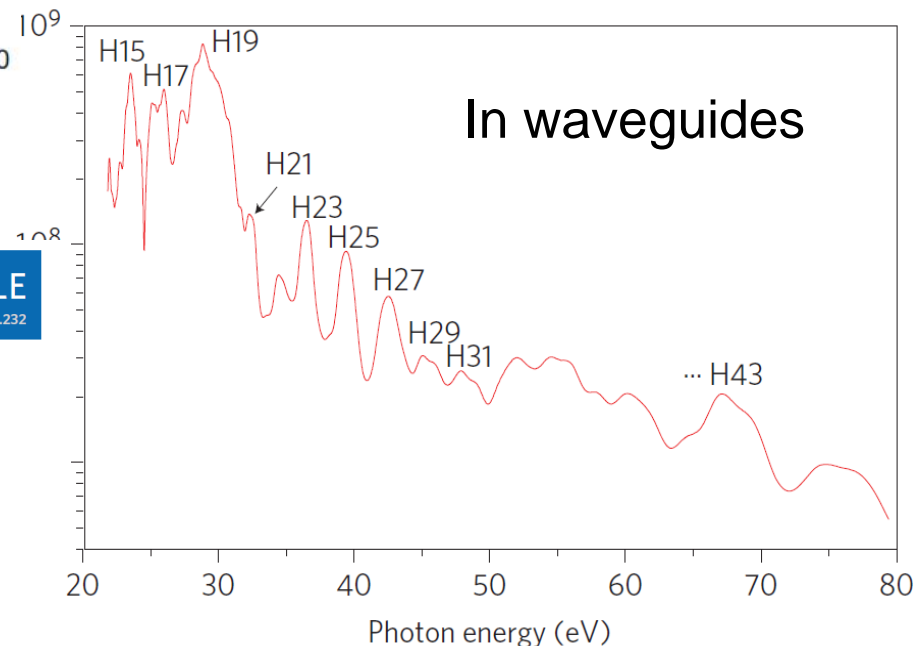
## An easier route to high harmony

Mark I. Stockman

The generation of ultrashort light pulses by atomic ionization and recombination doesn't come cheap. But by niftily exploiting the play of light on a nanostructured surface, it can be done on a table-top.

Extreme ultraviolet (EUV) radiation has great potential to be extreme not just in name, but in usefulness. It is the band of ultraviolet with the shortest wavelengths. The secret of the authors' success is the use of a nanostructured surface to enhance the generation of EUV light.

(s<sup>-1</sup>)

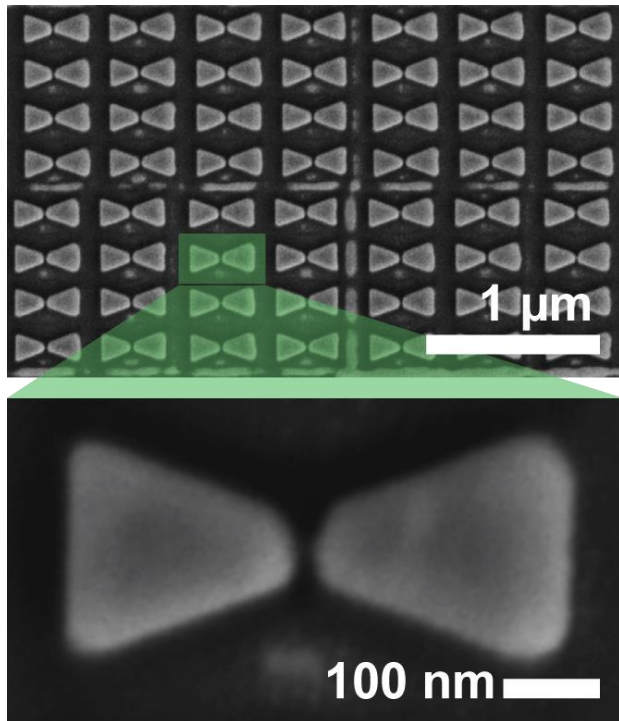


Park *et al.*, Nature Photon. **5**, 677 (2011)

# Experiment

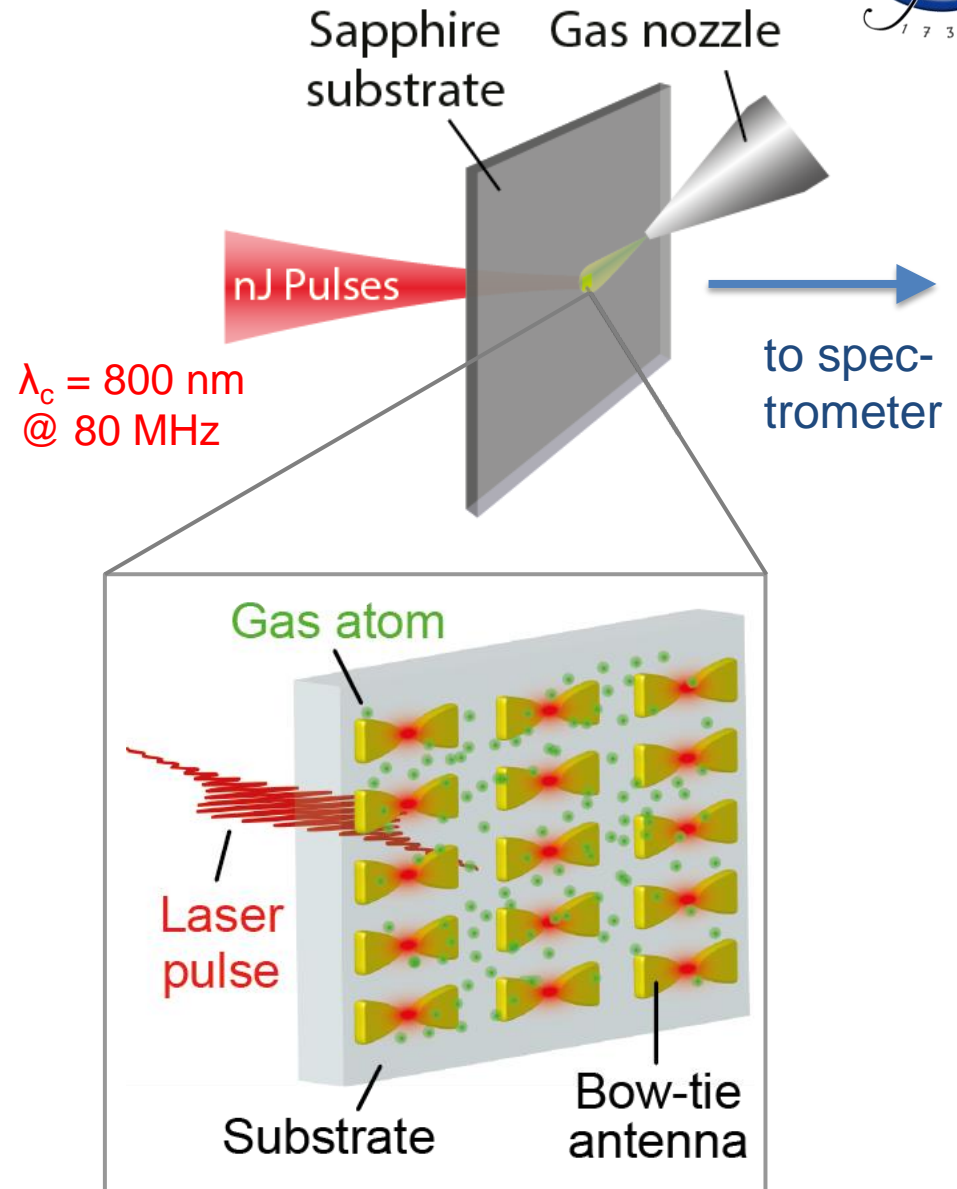


## Gold bow-tie nanoantennas

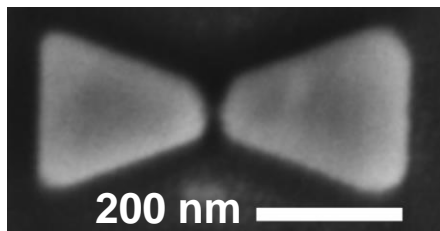


Scanning electron micrographs

- 100 nm gold film on sapphire
- Focused ion beam lithography
- High structure quality



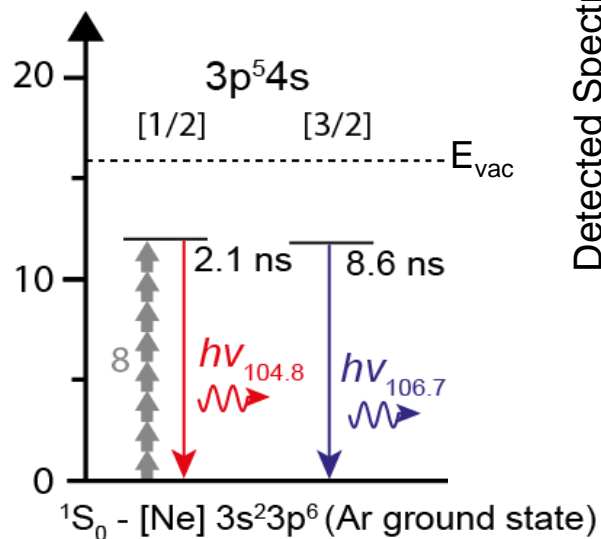
# Nanostructure-enhanced ~~HHG~~ ? Fluorescence !



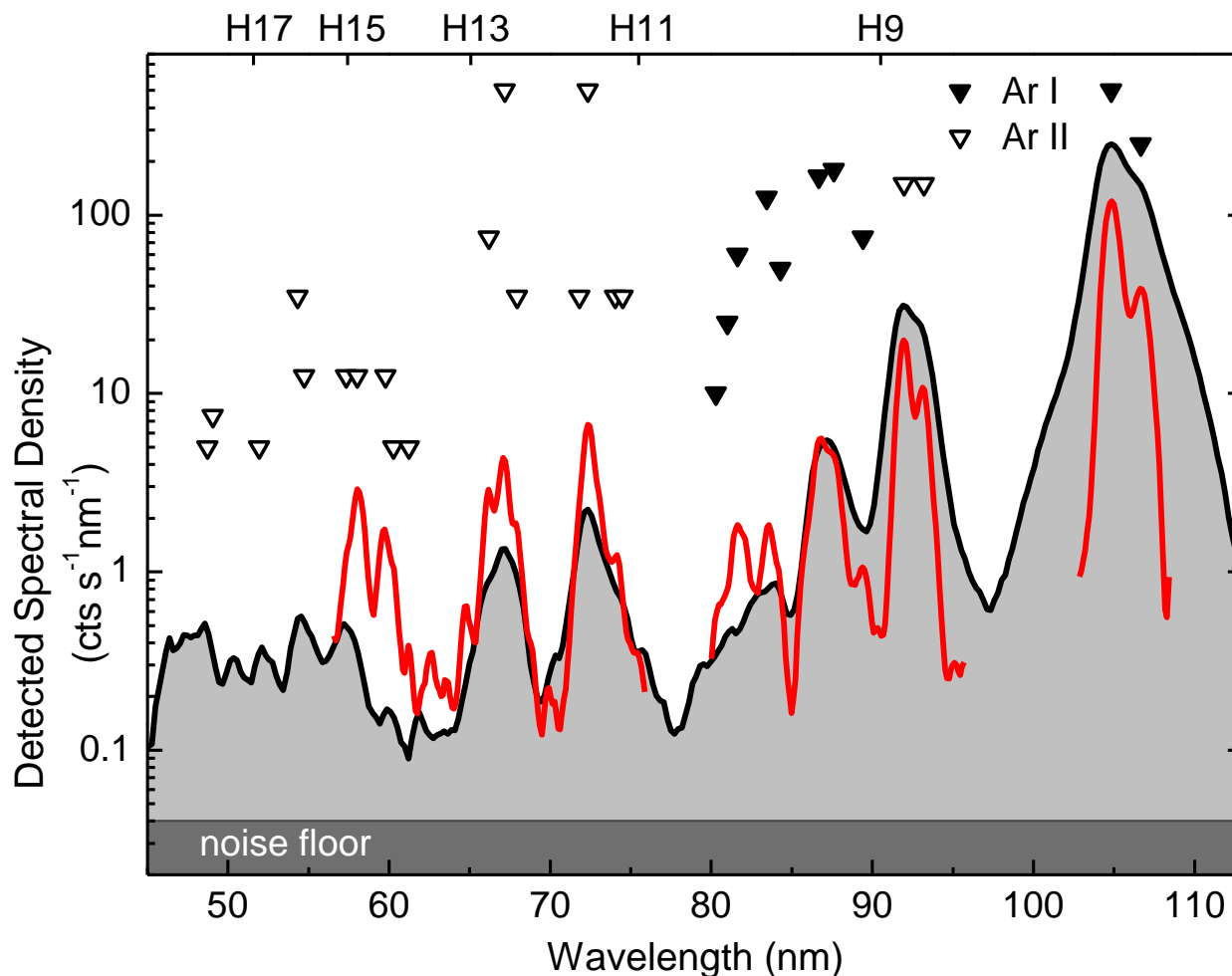
Peak intensity:

0.15 TW/cm<sup>2</sup>

Gas: argon

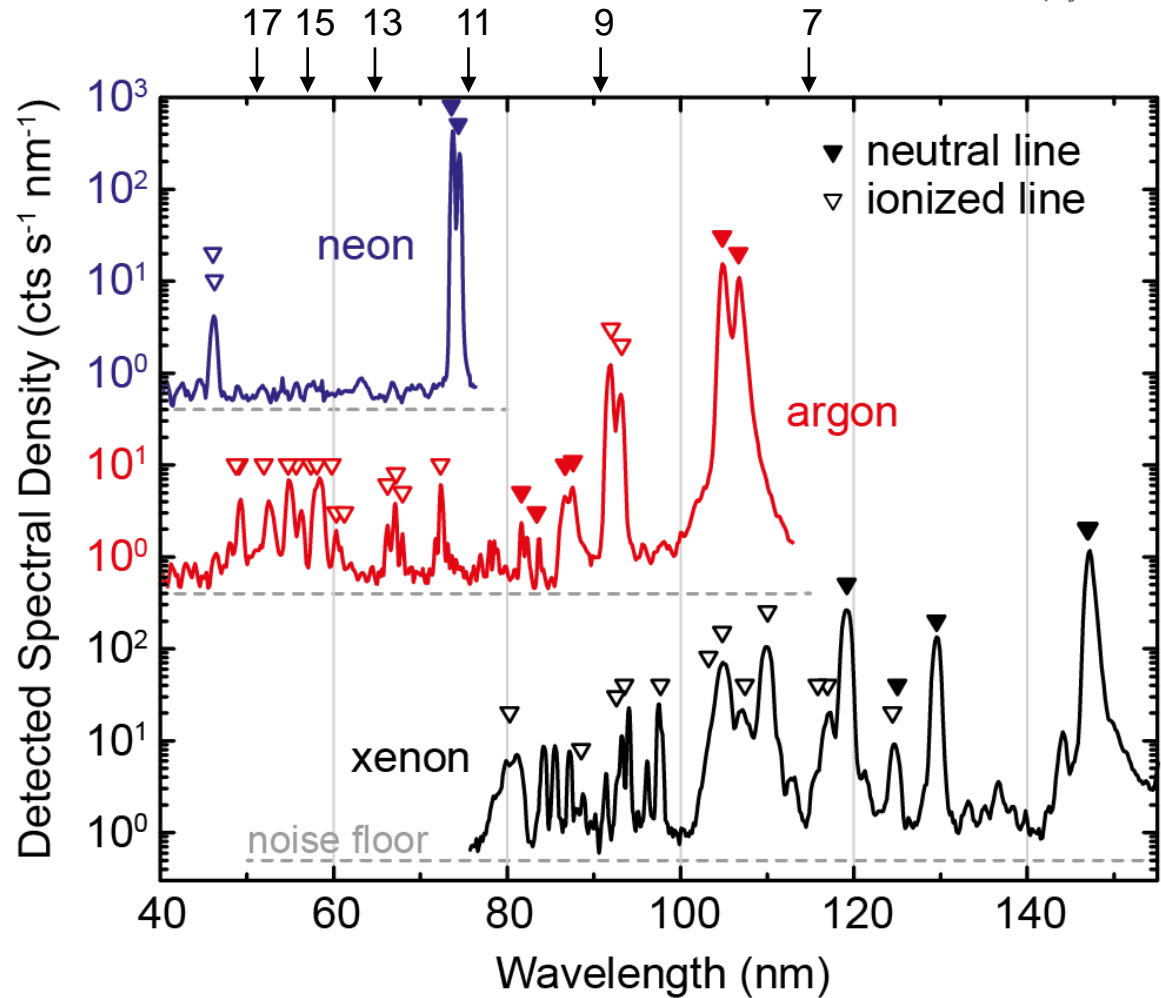
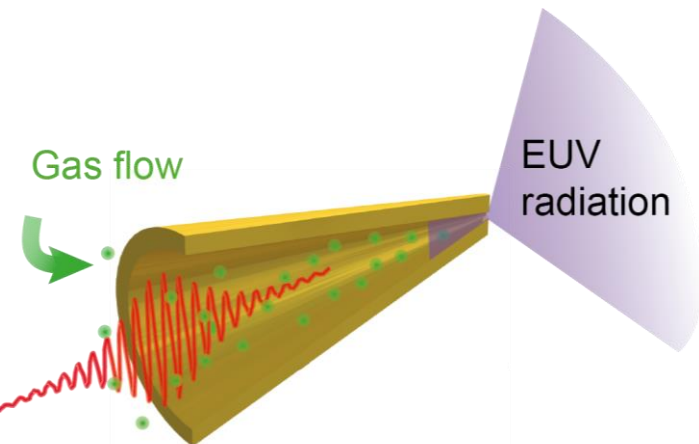
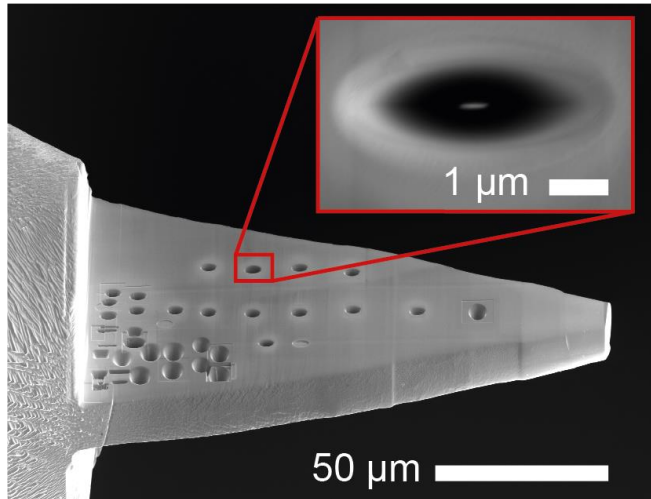


Incoherent Fluorescence instead of HHG



Sivis *et al.*, Nature **485**, E1 (2012)

# EUV light generation in hollow waveguides



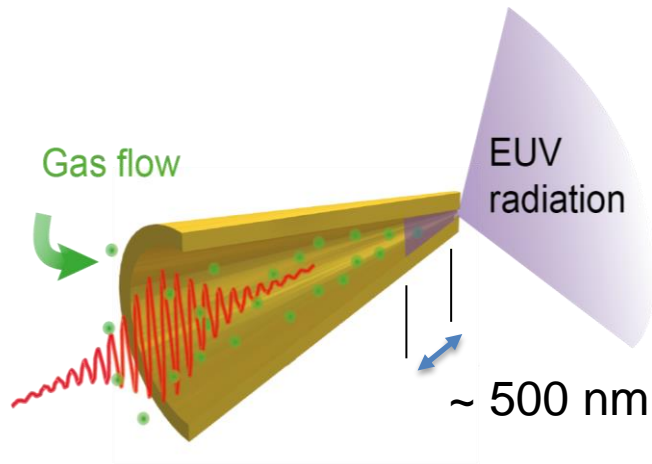
Sivis *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett.  
111, 085001 (2013)



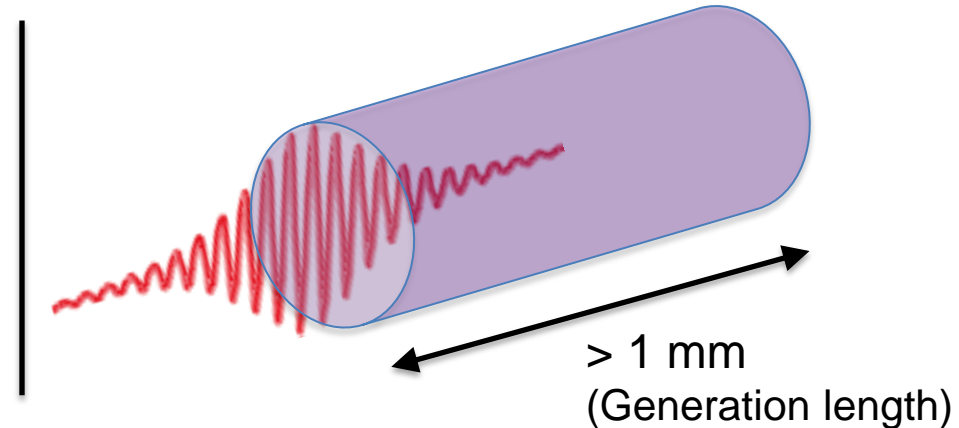
# Conversion efficiency of nano-HHG



## Nanostructure-enhanced HHG



## HHG with amplified pulses



HHG power scales quadratically with pressure-length product  $pL$ :

$$P_{HHG} \propto f_{rep} (pL)^2 A$$

$$\left( \frac{L_{nano}}{L_{conv}} \right)^2 \approx 10^{-7}$$

$$\frac{A_{nano}}{A_{conv}} \approx 10^{-4}$$



No efficient HHG in localized fields

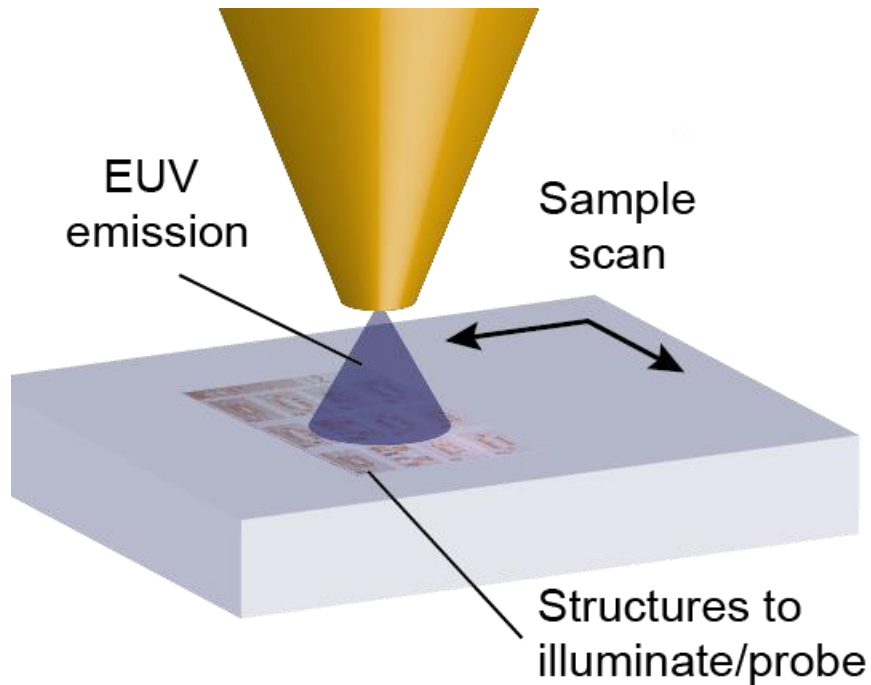
Fluorescence power linear in  $pL$

$$P_{ALE} \propto f_{rep} pL A$$

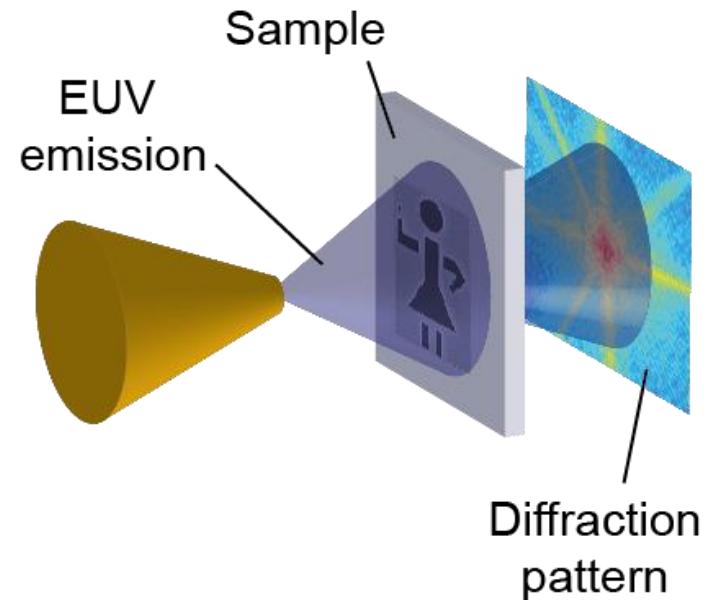
Han S. *et al. Nat. Comm.* **7** (2016).



Possible applications for the EUV fluorescence from waveguides ( $10^{10}$  Photons/s)



Near-field scanning optical  
microscopy (NSOM) and  
lithography

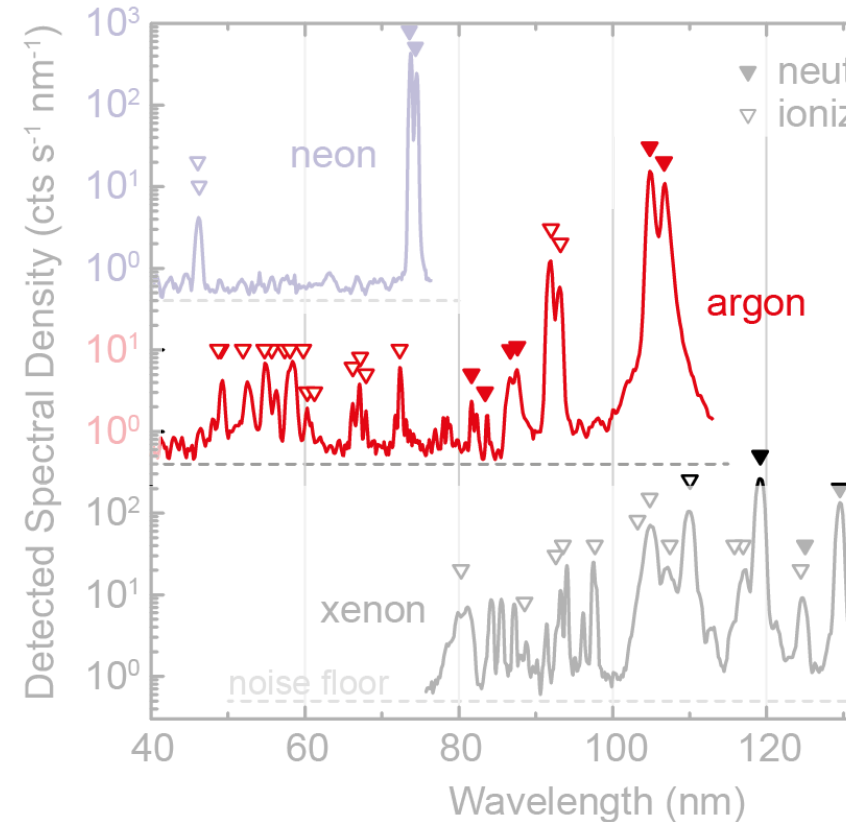
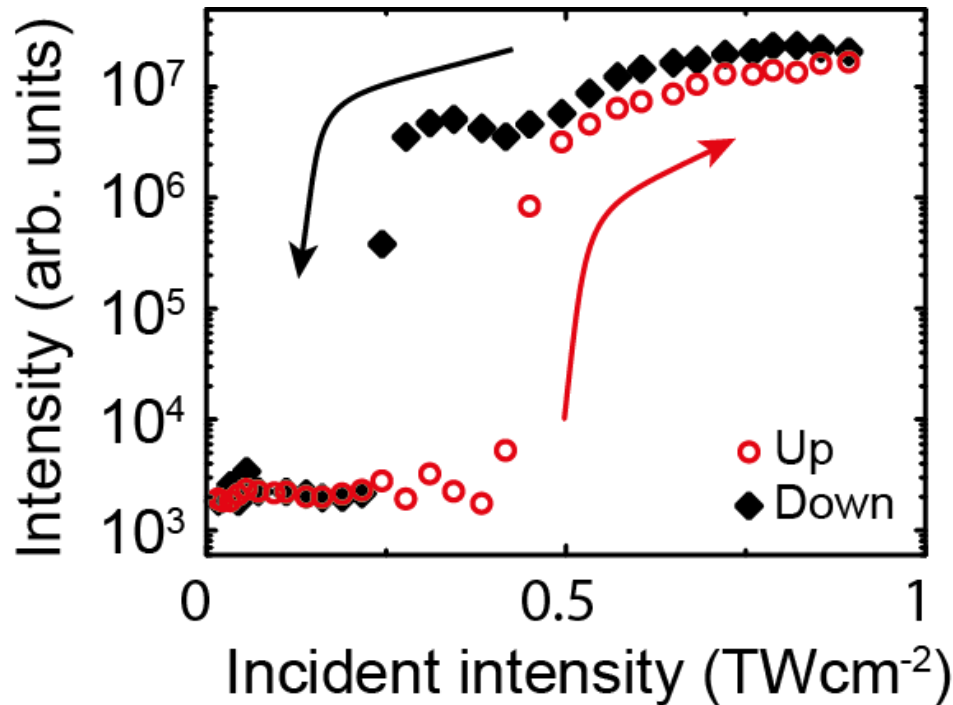


Coherent diffractive imaging  
(CDI)

# Formation of a bistable nanoplasma



- Ignition behavior
- Pronounced intensity hysteresis



Sivis *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett.  
111, 085001 (2013)

# Conclusion

- ✓ Highly nonlinear effects are feasible in nanostructure-enhanced fields (EUV Fluorescence)
- ✓ Coherent processes (HHG) exceedingly inefficient
- ✓ Further nonlinear EUV effects:
  - Low-order harmonic generation
  - Gauging of plasmonic fields
  - Bistable nanoplasma

**CRC** Courant Research Centre  
Nano-Spectroscopy and X-Ray Imaging

Founded by

**DFG**

**SFB  
755**

